SON SCHOOL	John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery
MULTINSON SCHOOL & REAL	Safeguarding and Child Protection
MURSERT	Policy
BROSELEY	This policy has been adopted by the governing body of John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery in November 2023
Approved by:	Governors
Frequency of review:	Annually in Autumn

## **Key Personnel**

Role	Name	Contact details
Headteacher*	Mrs S Beard	head@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)*/**	Mrs S Beard	head@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Deputy DSL(s)*/**	Mr R Carr	carr.r@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
	Mrs L Fleming	fleming.l@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
	Mrs L McGowan	mcgowan.l@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
	Mrs S Bowen	bowen.s@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Designated Teacher	Mrs L Fleming	fleming.l@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Mental Health Lead	Mrs L Fleming	fleming.l@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Online Safety Co- Ordinator/Lead	Mrs E Otto	saunders.e@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Relationship Sex Health Education Lead	Mrs T Boam	boam.t@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Chair of Governors*	Mr R Drury	chair_gov@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk
Safeguarding Governor/Trustee	Mr R Drury	chair_gov@johnwilkinson.shropshire.sch.uk

\*Out of hours contact details will be made available to staff \*\*Any changes to key personnel/holiday/emergency contacts will be shared with the appropriate agencies and Safeguarding Partnerships.

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## **Policy Scope and Aims**

This policy applies to anyone working on behalf of John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery including senior managers and the governing body, staff, volunteers, contractors, agency staff and students.

The policy is publicly available on the school website (or on request from the school office) so that it can be accessible for our children; their families and anyone visiting and /or working with us.

The policy aims to meet the requirements as outlined in Part 2 Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 (page 27).

## **Safeguarding Statement**

We believe that:

- All children have the right to protection from all types of abuse.
- Everyone has a responsibility to promote the welfare of all children and young people, to keep them safe and to practice in a way that protects them.

This means that we will:

- Not tolerate the abuse of children. This includes never accepting and always challenging or raising concerns about words or actions which downplay, justify, or promote abuse. This applies to anyone who is part of, comes into or works with our school.
- Be child centred and ensure that we consider the best interests of children in everything that we do.
- Ensure we provide a safe environment for children to learn, grow and develop and feel able to raise any concerns they may have for themselves or others.
- Look out for and respond promptly and appropriately to all identified concerns, incidents or allegations of abuse or neglect of a child.
- Ensure no child or group of children are treated less favourably by us than others.
- Be aware of and take extra positive actions that may be needed to safeguard and promote the welfare of a child(ren) who we know are more vulnerable to experiencing abuse or discrimination.
- Work in partnership with our children, their parents, carers, and other agencies.

## **Key Terms**

**Safeguarding** and promoting the welfare of children is defined as:

- protecting children from maltreatment,
- preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development,
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

**Child Protection** is a part of safeguarding and promoting welfare. It refers to the specific activity that is undertaken to protect specific children who are suffering, or are likely to suffer, significant harm.

**Abuse** is a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm.

Harm can include ill treatment that is not physical as well as the impact of witnessing ill treatment of others. This can be particularly relevant, for example, in relation to the impact on children of all forms of domestic abuse.

Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others.

Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.

There are a number of types of abuse and safeguarding issues that could increase the risk that a child could be abused. These are further defined and explained in Part 1, Part 5 and Annex B of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.

**Staff** refers to all those working for or on behalf of the school, full or part time, temporary or permanent in either a paid or voluntary capacity. The exception to this term is Governors.

**Governors** refers to those who are part of the School's Governing Body. This includes individuals who are at Trust or Charity governing body level as well as part of local school governance bodies.

Child includes everyone under the age of 18.

A **Parent** refers to birth parents and others who have parental responsibility (as defined by the Children's Act 1989) or has care of a child.<sup>1</sup>

## Legislation, Standards and Guidance

This policy is based on the following legislation, guidance, standards, and procedures:

Legislation	Statutory National Guidance/Standards	Local Procedures	
<ul> <li><u>Education Act 2002</u> <u>Section 175 (maintained</u> <u>schools only</u>)</li> <li><u>Children Act 2004</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Keeping Children Safe in</u> <u>Education</u> and any legislation or guidance (statutory/non- statutory) outlined or referenced within it.</li> <li><u>Early years foundation stage</u> (EYFS) statutory framework</li> <li><u>Working Together to</u> <u>Safeguard Children</u> and any legislation or guidance (statutory or non-statutory) outlined or referenced within it.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>West Midlands Safeguarding Children Procedures</li> <li>Shropshire Safeguarding Community Partnership (SSCP) Childrens Threshold Document</li> <li>Shropshire Safeguarding Community Partnership Allegations about staff/volunteers protocol</li> <li>Shropshire Schools Operation Encompass Protocol</li> </ul>	

## **Linked Policies**

Behaviour/Anti-Bullying Policy	<ul> <li>Administration of first aid/medicines</li> </ul>
Staff Behaviour Policy / Code of Conduct	Physical intervention
Whistleblowing	Online Safety, including staff use of mobile
Health & Safety	phones/ devices with imagery and sharing
Allegations against staff	capacity.
Attendance	Risk Assessments
Curriculum	Safer Recruitment
RSHE	<ul> <li>Disciplinary and grievance</li> </ul>
Complaints	Intimate Care
SEND	<ul> <li>Radicalisation and Extremism</li> </ul>
Remote Learning	<ul> <li>Data Protection/GDPR Guidance</li> </ul>

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

We follow the statutory guidance as set out in the latest Keeping Children Safe in Education (and associated documents and guidance); adhering to the roles and responsibilities and expectations identified for:

#### The Governing Body:

Have a strategic leadership responsibility for ensuring we take a whole school approach to safeguarding arrangements as outlined in this policy and that we comply with our duties under <u>Legislation and Guidance</u>. Part 2 Keeping Children Safe in Education outlines their key responsibilities.

The Safeguarding Governor is responsible for leading on the governance oversight of safeguarding arrangements; meeting termly with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and reporting back to the Governing Body in the form a link governor report.

The Chair of the Governing Body will liaise with the Local Authority in the event of an allegation of abuse made against the Headteacher in line with <u>Ensuring safe staff</u>.

All Governors will ensure:

- The school has a Designated Safeguarding Lead who has the appropriate status and authority to carry out duties of the post and is provided with the time, funding, resources, and support needed to carry out their role effectively.
- The school has safeguarding policies and procedures in place (as outlined in Part 2 Keeping Children Safe in Education) that are implemented effectively and comply with our duties under Legislation, Standards and Guidance at all times.
- All staff and governors are knowledgeable and confident in carrying out their safeguarding duties in line with <u>Professional development and support</u>.
- That the effectiveness and implementation of safeguarding arrangements are robustly overseen by the Governing Body by termly meetings with the Safeguarding Governor and DSL. Checks made on the SCR and other elements listed in KCSiE.

#### The Headteacher:

Is responsible for ensuring safeguarding arrangements are implemented effectively in school.

This includes:

- Having the overarching responsibility of ensuring the effectiveness of our school safeguarding arrangements as outlined in this policy.
- Being accountable and reporting to the Governing Body (as the Designated Safeguarding Lead) on the effectiveness of school safeguarding arrangements.
- Supporting and promoting a whole school safeguarding culture and ethos as outlined in our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>. This includes ensuring that the Senior Leadership Team work effectively together and with the Designated Safeguarding Lead, to ensure a whole school approach to safeguarding.
- Take the lead role in <u>Ensuring Safe Practice</u>; including ensuring staff are knowledgeable and confident in their safeguarding practice. The Headteacher is also the lead person responsible for receiving, managing, and referring to/liaising with the Local Authority Designated Officer or any other authorities regarding allegations of abuse made against staff or other organisations/individual who use school premises.
- Ensuring that deputy DSLs carry out their roles effectively. This means ensuring they are given sufficient time, training, support, resources, including cover arrangements where necessary.
- Ensuring that all school policies including safeguarding policies and procedures and those required to be in place, are implemented and followed by all staff.

#### The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL):

Takes the lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection in our school. Annex C Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 outlines their key responsibilities. Our Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s) (hereafter referred to as DDSL) support the Designated Safeguarding Lead in the discharge of their responsibilities.

Responsibilities include:

- Ensuring that the school has a child protection policy is in place as required by Keeping Children Safe in Education, that is implemented and followed by all staff.
- Being available to deal with safeguarding and child protection during school hours. The headteacher (DSL) also checks emails periodically out of school hours and will follow up emergency requests (out of hours) if they arise.
- Acting as the point of contact with whom to raise safeguarding concerns within (including those raised by the school filtering and monitoring system) and to our school.
- Ensure Safe Practice in school.
- Managing safeguarding referrals to the Local Authority; Police and any other statutory authorities or multi-agency risk management arrangements (see <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u>).
- Working closely with the Governing Body and relevant senior leadership team members to ensure a whole school safeguarding culture and ethos as outlined in our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u> and the implementation of effective safeguarding arrangements, as outlined in this policy.
- Acting as the point of contact to and proactively engaging with the Shropshire Safeguarding Community Partnership arrangements as outlined in <u>Working in Partnership</u>.
- Ensuring children and parents are aware of how and encouraged to raise safeguarding concerns and how they will be responded to as outlined in <u>Working in Partnership.</u>
- Act as a source of support, advice, and expertise to all staff; including ensuring that there is ongoing promotion and awareness of safeguarding and children protection in school.
- Ensuring the effective management and oversight of safeguarding information as outlined in <u>Record Keeping and Information Security</u>.
- Maintaining and access <u>Professional development and support</u>.

#### All staff (including students and volunteers):

Are expected to work in line with our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u> and adhere to the policies, processes and systems that support safeguarding as outlined in this policy. This specifically includes:

- Accessing and maintaining <u>Professional development and support</u> to ensure they remain knowledgeable and confident in their safeguarding practice.
- Recognise, Respond and Report <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns</u>
- Engaging in <u>Safe Practice</u>. This includes raising concerns (however small) about individual behaviour or practices or cultures in schools that compromise the safety of children as outlined in <u>Ensuring safe staff</u>.
- Teaching our children how to keep safe

## **Professional development and support**

To ensure all our staff and governors are knowledgeable and confident in keeping children safe in our school; they will complete the professional development activities as outlined below. We monitor professional development activities and maintain a central professional development record.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads provide all staff with ongoing safeguarding support, advice, and expertise. Staff safeguarding knowledge and competence is overseen as part of the staff induction, appraisal, and performance processes in school. The Designated Safeguarding Lead and deputies can access support and supervision on request or be signposted to it if it is deemed necessary. Regular meetings (at least fortnightly) between the DSL and DDSLs allow a forum to discuss current concerns and gauge the need for supervision.

#### All Staff

Activity	Frequency
Receive information on school safeguarding arrangements and	Induction or when
procedures as outlined in KCSiE 2023 (Part 1: page 7, paragraph	arrangements/procedures are updated.
13).	
Read Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSiE):	Induction then annually (in Autumn Term)
All Staff: Part 1; Part 5 and Annex B.	or when updated.
Senior Leadership Team: Entire document	
• Staff who do not work directly with children: Annex A	
Complete Safeguarding Awareness Training to enable staff to	Induction and then every 3 years
recognise, respond to and report safeguarding (including online	
safety and child-on-child abuse) concerns	
Complete Prevent Awareness Training appropriate to role	Induction and refresher every 3 years.
The Prevent duty: safeguarding learners vulnerable to	
radicalisation - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk))	
Complete Cyber Security Training	Induction and then as new guidance /
Cyber security training for school staff - NCSC.GOV.UK)	training are recommended by the DSL
	NOTE: staff who don't have access to the school
	network will only need awareness training in line with CP Level 1.
Receive regular national and local safeguarding updates	Standing agenda item on TA and
(including those relating to online safety).	Teaching staff weekly meeting. Key
	messages cascaded by DSL to wider staff (eg
	MSAs and cleaning staff) when appropriate.

#### **Designated Safeguarding Leads (including any deputies)**

Activity (in addition to all staff above)	Frequency	
Complete Schools Designated Safeguarding Lead Training to a	On induction in role and then every 2	
standard as outlined in KCSiE Annex C	years	
Read Keeping Children Safe in Education in its entirety.	Induction into role then annually (in	
	Autumn Term) or when updated.	
Maintain knowledge and development relating to the role of DSL	As required DSL subscribed to updates	
(including Early Help and other relevant training)	from LA, DFE, NSPCC.	

#### All Governors

Activity	Frequency
Complete Governor Safeguarding Training to equip them with the	Induction and then every 3 years.
knowledge to carry out their strategic Roles and Responsibilities.	
Read Keeping Children Safe in Education	Induction into role then annually (in
• All Governors: Part 1; Part 2 and Annex B.	Autumn Term) or when updated).
Chair & Safeguarding Link Governors: Entire document	
Complete Cyber Security Training	Induction and then as new guidance /
Cyber security training for school staff - NCSC.GOV.UK	training are recommended by the DSL
Complete Prevent Awareness Training appropriate to role	Induction and refresher every 3 years.
The Prevent duty: safeguarding learners vulnerable to	
radicalisation - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)	

## Staff/Governors involved in recruitment of staff (including administration)

Activity (in addition to other relevant above)	Frequency
Read Part 3: Keeping Children Safe in Education	Induction into role then annually (in
	Autumn Term) or when updated.

At least 1 member of an interview panel and the administrator running the checks to have completed appropriate safer recruitment training (that is in alignment with Part 3 KCSiE)

## **Ensuring Safe Practice**

#### Safer recruitment

We adopt robust recruitment procedures that deter and prevent people who are unsuitable to work with children from applying for or securing employment or volunteering opportunities in our setting. At least 1 member of any interview panel to have completed additional safer recruitment training and the office manage to have complete additional safer recruitment training. Our recruitment procedures are in alignment with Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023: Part 3.

As part of our recruitment and selection processes; we ensure that our commitment to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is evident to candidates throughout each stage of the process; with any candidate who is not suitable to work with children being deterred and identified at the earliest point. This policy is included in the application information for candidates. We also ensure that all applicants complete a robust application form. We seek suitable references and reserve the right to carry out online social media checks prior to interview; as well as ensure that there is a focus on the candidate's knowledge and competency in safeguarding practice as part of the interview processes.

In accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023: Part 3; we maintain a record of information we have received to confirm the necessary pre-appointment safer recruitment checks are completed on staff (including volunteers, supply staff and students); Governors; <u>contractors</u>; and <u>visitors</u> who attend our school in a professional capacity. We complete the checks on staff, volunteers, and Governors who we recruit ourselves. For those who are recruited by others; we ensure that we receive written confirmation of the relevant checks completed and check their identification before they are allowed to work unsupervised or engage in regulated activity with children.

Where we do not have all the necessary information or there are gaps in the information; we have robust risk assessment processes in place to ensure that anyone who does not meet the required standards of pre-appointment checks or suitability are allowed to work unsupervised or engage in regulated activity with children. We reserve the right to refuse access to the school site any person who we are not assured is safe to work or engage in regulated activity with children.

On appointment; staff (including volunteers) receive a robust induction programme which provides them with the relevant safeguarding knowledge but also clarity on the expected standards of behaviour within and outside of school. Please see <u>Professional development and support</u>.

If any safeguarding concerns of allegations arise relating to a member of staff, Governor or other person working on our school premises; staff are expected to act in line with <u>Ensuring safe staff</u> and <u>Staff</u> <u>Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u>.

#### Contractors

We have several contracts with external providers to work in our school including with children. We obtain written notification from any agency, or third-party organisation, that they have carried out the same checks as the school would otherwise perform on any individual working at the school. In respect of the enhanced DBS check, we ensure that written notification confirms the certificate has been obtained by either the employment business or another such business.

#### Visitors

We have procedures for recording the details and confirming the identity of visitors, including prospective candidates. We ensure that we have control over who comes into the premises so that no unauthorised person has unsupervised access to children.

The office carry out checks on all visitors and they sign in on the electronic system. For any visitors with the appropriate enhanced DBS checks, they receive a red lanyard (like the staff). For any visitor without the appropriate enhanced DBS check, they are given a yellow lanyard and assigned to a member of staff

who has the responsibility for escorting them whilst they are on the premises. There should be no adult on site who is not wearing an appropriate lanyard.

#### Use of school premises for non-school activities

When we have arranged extra-curricular activities out of school hours which are under the direct supervision or management by school staff, this safeguarding policy is to be followed and any concerns should be managed in accordance with <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u> and <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u>.

We will follow our <u>Ensuring safe staff</u> procedures if we become aware of any allegations relating to an organisation or individual using our school premises.

Where we have sessions or activities which are provided by another person or organisation that is using the school site and not during school time or under direct supervision, we seek assurances that they have the required child safeguarding arrangements in place as an individual/organisation as outlined in Keeping children safe during community activities. This is regardless of whether children who are on roll at our school access the activity or not.

The arrangements for this will be set out within any transfer of control agreement, (i.e. lease or hire agreement); and failure to comply with these arrangements will lead to termination of the agreement.

#### Alternative provision

Where we place a child with an alternative provision provider, we continue to be responsible for their safety and welfare and should be satisfied that the provider can meet the needs of the pupil. We do this by visiting the alternative provision and ensuring that clear plans are in place to support the child at the alternative location. We check that the provision is registered with OfSTED, and if they are not, we investigate the reasons why. If satisfied with the reasons for the non-registration with OfSTED, we carry out a risk assessment and check the alternative provisions safeguarding arrangements which are communicated back to the child's parents.

We obtain written confirmation from the alternative provision provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been conducted on individuals working at the establishment, i.e., those checks that the school would otherwise perform in respect of its own staff. See <u>Appendix A: Alternative Provision Quality Assurance</u> <u>Checklist</u>.

#### Ensuring safe staff

#### Managing allegations (including low level concerns)

We promote an open and transparent culture in which all concerns about the behaviour or conduct of any adults working in, at or on behalf the school are dealt with appropriately.

There are two levels of allegations / concerns:

#### 1. Allegations that may meet the harm threshold.

Circumstances where a someone working within the school has or may have:

- behaved in a way that have harmed a child, or may have harmed a child and/or
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates that they would pose a risk of harm to children; or
- behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children. This includes any behaviour that may have occurred outside of the school that could pose a transferable risk.

Allegations that someone that working in, at or on behalf the school has met the harm threshold should be immediately referred to the Headteacher in person. Staff may be required to provide a written statement at the request of the Headteacher.

If the allegation relates to the Headteacher; this should be immediately verbally reported to the Chair of Governors.

If there is any conflict of interest or immediate risk of harm to a child or; then the person with the concern must ensure <u>Immediate safety</u> and contact the Local Authority Designated Officer in accordance with <u>Shropshire Safeguarding Community Partnership Managing Allegations Procedures.</u>

In most cases; the Headteacher (or the Chair of Governors) will lead on managing allegations; with the support of the Human Resources Department and the Designated Safeguarding Lead. The procedures will follow the Shropshire HR guidance, 'KCSiE – Dealing with Allegations of Abuse Against Staff in Schools'. They will ensure that Part 4 Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 and <u>Shropshire Safeguarding</u> <u>Community Partnership Managing Allegations Procedures</u> are applied. Any allegations that meet the above criteria will be referred to the Local Authority Designated Officer within 1 working day and we will follow their advice and guidance.

# We will notify OFSTED as soon as reasonably practical and within 14 days of the allegation first being made, informing them of action taken by completing the online form - <u>Report-a-serious-childcare-incident</u>.

It is essential that any allegations of abuse against a member of staff are dealt with quickly, in a fairly and consistent way to effectively safeguard all those involved.

We also have a duty of care towards our staff, and we will provide a named contact for the staff member.

If necessary, we will adhere to our legal reporting duties (such as referring to the Disclosure and Barring Service or Teaching Regulation Agency) as employers as outlined in Part 3 Keeping Children Safe in Education if the criteria for such reporting is met.

#### 2. Allegations / concerns that do not meet the harms threshold (Low level concerns).

The term low level does not mean that these concerns are insignificant. A low-level concern is when staff or volunteer may have acted in a way that:

- Is inconsistent with the staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work. Our staff code of conduct outlines examples of what could be considered a low-level concern;
- Does not meet the harm threshold at point 1 above.

Low level concerns should be reported in person to the DSL (Headteacher); to embed our culture of openness and transparency. To ensure that our school's values and expected behaviours are lived, monitored, and reinforced by all staff.

The Headteacher will decide the outcome of all low-level concerns raised in line with relevant policies: lowlevel concerns policy, staff code of conduct, disciplinary. Consideration will be given to whether there is a pattern of behaviour by the individual; or if there is a wider school culture issue and if policies need to be revised, or if all staff guidance or additional staff training is required.

#### **Whistle Blowing**

Whistleblowing is the mechanism by which staff can raise concerns in good faith without fear of repercussions. All staff have a duty to raise concerns where they exist about another staff or volunteers practice. This may include attitude or actions of colleague's poor or unsafe practice or potential failures in adhering to the schools' policies, procedures and staff code of conduct.

If staff have such concerns; these should be raised to the Headteacher following the guidance laid out in the whistleblowing policy.

If staff feel unable to raise concerns with the school directly; they can contact <u>NSPCC Whistleblowing</u> <u>Advice Line</u> or contact the LA using the details outlined in the Whistle Blowing Policy.

## **Record Keeping and Information Security**

We have a legal duty to act in line with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR). We have data protection processes in place to ensure that we keep and process

(manage) personal information about children, their families; staff and others safely and lawfully. This includes:

- Securely manage electronically held information in line with <u>Meeting digital and technology</u> <u>standards in schools and colleges</u> and <u>Early Years practitioners: using cyber security to protect your</u> <u>settings - NCSC.GOV.UK</u> (see also <u>Online Safety</u>)
- Manage requests for access to personal information we hold (known as subject access requests).

Details of our processes and how to request access to personal information we hold are outlined in the <u>GDPR section</u> of the school website.

#### Storage and management of safeguarding information (child protection files)

Safeguarding <u>concerns</u> and <u>responses</u> for individual children are kept in a child protection file. Child Protection files are stored individually for each child and are separate to a child's main pupil file. The Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for ensuring the quality, maintenance, and management of child protection files; as well as using the system to monitor themes and patterns of concern to inform and continue to improve the whole school approach to safeguarding. All information regarding child protection is logged electronically. School uses CPOMs, with appropriate permissions, to enable secure access to the right people to ensure effective sharing of communication whilst respecting the confidentiality of the information. The designated lead and trained up deputy designated leads also have access to Liquid Logic, which enables multi-agency information sharing for children at early help and above. Any paperbased files are stored in a locked area in the head teacher's office.

#### Sharing safeguarding information with others

We are proactive in sharing information with each other and others who are working with our children and their families as early as possible; so that children can receive the help and support they need; respond to any safeguarding concerns and where possible prevent abuse.

Staff are expected to share information with one another as part of their work in school about the needs and risks of children on a need-to know basis in line with our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u> so that we keep children safe and promote their welfare. They are not permitted to share information with friends, family, or anyone in the local community outside of their work.

#### Sharing information with other organisations

Staff should be familiar with and use Information sharing advice for safeguarding practitioners.

As part of our <u>work in partnership</u> with parents and children; consent to share their information with others outside of school should always be sought from a child and their parent(s) unless it is not safe to do so. This includes where seeking consent would:

- Place the child at increased risk of significant harm.
- Place any other at risk of injury.
- Obstruct or interfere with any potential Police investigation.
- Lead to unjustified delay in making enquiries about significant harm.

If a parent or child does not consent to information being shared, the law does not prevent the sharing of information if sharing is necessary for the purpose of keeping a child safe and promoting their welfare. Therefore; staff must make parents and children aware that information may still be shared with other organisations if necessary to help keep their child safe or promote their welfare or if there is another legal basis to so do.

Decisions to share safeguarding information with other organisations will be overseen by the Designated Safeguarding Lead (please also refer to <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u>).

#### Transfer of child protection files and other safeguarding information

When a child leaves for a new education setting; the Designated Safeguarding Lead will arrange for the child protection file (and any additional information to help the new setting to help safeguard and promote the child's welfare) to be transferred to the new setting no later than within 5 working days of an in-term

transfer or within 5 days from the start of the new term. Where the move is planned; the Designated Safeguarding Lead will consider sharing information in advance of the child leaving to help with the child's transition and to enable any help and support they may need. This is shared separately to any child's main file and confirmation of receipt of the files should be gained if sent on paper. <u>Appendix C: File Transfer</u> <u>Record and Receipt</u>

If a child is absent from education or Electively Home Educated; we share relevant information with the Local Authority as required by law (please also see <u>Children potentially at greater risk of harm</u>). If the child leaves our setting and does not move to a new education setting; we transfer their child protection file (and any additional information as necessary) to the relevant Local Authority that they reside in line with the local protocol.

## **Working in Partnership**

As is outlined in our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>; and in order to ensure all children in our school are effectively safeguarded and their welfare is promoted; we will work in in partnership with our children, their parents and other agencies/partnerships as follows:

#### Children

Our children are <u>taught how to keep safe</u>; including how and when to share or report to us any worries or concerns they may have about their safety and wellbeing or that of others. We encourage children to share and report worries and concerns by:

- Speaking to a trusted adult
- Writing or drawing their concern and putting it in the class worry box
- Having opportunities to share their feelings in circle time
- Inviting children to nurture session/interventions. E.g. My Life

Staff are expected to build trusted relationships with and work in the best interests of children in line with our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>; and recognise, respond and report <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns</u>.

We also actively seek children's views of safety in school. There are currently 10 safety ambassadors in school (all currently in Year 6). There is a timetable to schedule two safety ambassadors on the Key Stage 1 playground in the morning and they look out for areas that they can support in both the emotional safety and wellbeing of the younger children as well as the physical environment. They conduct a student safety survey annually and use the results to form actions to work on with both staff and the children.

#### **Parents**

We recognise the importance of working together with and supporting parents to safeguard and promote the welfare of their children. This includes:

- Communicating to parents how we keep children safe in our school (including online). This policy is
  made available to all parents on the school website under safeguarding. If parents want to raise
  concerns or complaints about how we keep their children safe; they can do this using our
  Complaints Policy which is available on our website. We also actively seek parent views of safety in
  school and periodically send out a survey to collect their thoughts.
- Encouraging parents to share and report worries and concerns about the safety and welfare of their child(ren) or any other children. We do this by staff being available at the start and end of the day. Encouraging parents to come and speak to staff at school if they have any concerns and the importance of us being made aware of concerns quickly so they can be investigated and addressed. Staff are expected to respond to any parents who raise worries or concerns to them either about their child(ren) or others in line with <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u>.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead will ensure that we work with parents to offer and enable support for children and their families; taking action to safeguard and promote their welfare (see <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u>) in line with the local arrangements in the area that they live.

• Ensuring that parents are made aware of how to raise safeguarding concerns or criminal behaviour themselves to the Local Authority and/or Enforcement Agencies. We do this by sending out information on the school Facebook page. We will also look to develop a section of the school website to provide further support and guidance by December 2023.

#### **Other agencies/partnerships**

As we operate in Shropshire; we engage and co-operate with our local safeguarding arrangements. Our local safeguarding partnership is the <u>Shropshire Safeguarding Community Partnership (SSCP)</u>. We engage and co-operate by:

- Ensuring we effectively safeguard and promote the welfare of children living in Shropshire in line
  with <u>Working together to safeguard children</u> and the Shropshire Safeguarding Community
  Partnership local criteria for action and assessment; as outlined in the <u>SSCP Threshold Document</u>.
  Where children do not live in Shropshire but attend our school; we will work in line with the relevant
  local arrangements in their home area.
- Ensuring we work with other agencies and comply with other pieces of relevant statutory guidance in safeguarding <u>Children potentially at greater risk of harm</u>.
- Supplying information and co-operating in multi-agency forum/meetings, audit or learning reviews as requested by the safeguarding partners.
- Working closely with Shropshire Council Learning and Skills Services and other Shropshire Council Services/partnerships to ensure we are providing high quality education and support to children in Shropshire.
- Participating in the local <u>Operation Encompass Protocol</u>; an arrangement where police notify schools when a child who attends their school may have been subject or witness to police-attended incidents of domestic abuse. This enables us to provide appropriate emotional or practical support to a child/ren who may have been witness to and victim of domestic abuse. Information about this is included as Appendix F.

## Teaching our children how to keep safe.

We recognise that educating our children in how to keep themselves and others safe both online and in face-to-face situation plays a crucial role in safeguarding them. We have a clear set of values and standards the provide opportunities for children to learn how to keep themselves and others safe; that are demonstrated and reinforced throughout school life and underpinned through -

- Safeguarding Statement
- Behaviour/Anti-Bullying Policy
- Preventing Radicalisation
- Our approach to Online Safety
- Our Personal Social Health and Education and Computing curriculum and policies including our <u>RHE /RSHE Policy</u>. Our RSHE programme is developed to be fully inclusive of all ages and stages of development and consideration of children's needs including <u>Children potentially at greater risk of</u> <u>harm</u>; and addresses issues as outlined Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023; Part 2, page 34, paragraph 131.

The DSL, RSHE lead and other key members of the staff such as computing lead, Mental Health lead and SENDCo) will work collaboratively to ensure that this is implemented; and being responsive to any safeguarding themes or patterns of concern that arise in school.

## **Online Safety**

The use of information and communication technology (ICT); is a vital part of the everyday functioning of and life in school. We also recognise the important role ICT plays in the lives of our children and their families.

Whilst there are many benefits and strengths in using ICT; there are also a number of risks to children's welfare and safety in school when using internet enabled technology; which are summarised in the following categories<sup>2</sup>:

- **content:** being exposed to illegal, inappropriate, or harmful content.
- **contact:** being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users.
- **conduct:** online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm to children or others.

• **commerce:** - illegal, inappropriate, or harmful online commercial activities that can compromise the health and wellbeing or security of children or others.

We adopt a whole school approach to online safety which aims to safeguard and educate our children and their families, staff, visitors and our school in our use and management of ICT (including the use of camera enabled; mobile and personal devices and the ICT systems we have in place). Our <u>online safety policy</u> outlines our approach.

• We also refer to <u>Safeguarding children and protecting professionals in early years settings: online</u> safety considerations - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) and Early Years practitioners: using cyber security to protect your settings - NCSC.GOV.UK for more specific advice relating to the Early Years provision.

Where there are online safety concerns involving identified children (including child-on-child abuse); we will follow <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u> and <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead</u> <u>Safeguarding Response</u>.

Any school cyber security incidents will be reported to <u>Action Fraud (National Fraud and Cyber Crime</u> <u>Reporting Centre)</u> and, if there is a data breach this will be reported in line with our Data Protection Processes to the <u>Information Commissioners Office</u>. Please also see <u>Record Keeping and Information</u> <u>Security</u>.

Where children are being asked to learn online at home, we follow advice from the Department of Education; <u>Safeguarding and remote education</u>. Our approach to remote learning is outlined in our Remote Learning Policy.

We review our online safety arrangements annually to ensure that we meet the Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 and <u>Safeguarding children and protecting professionals in early years settings: online safety considerations</u> online safety standards (including the digital standards for <u>filtering and monitoring</u> and <u>cyber security</u>). Any risks arising from our reviews are clearly recorded as part of our school evaluation and improvement action planning processes. These are reported to and overseen by our Governing Body.

All Staff, senior leaders and Governors are appropriately trained (see <u>Professional Development and</u> <u>Supervision</u>) to enable them to ensure effective online safety arrangements. We will respond to online safety incidents which indicate safeguarding concerns in line with the <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns</u>: <u>Recognise, Respond, Report</u> and <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u> sections of this policy.

## **Preventing Radicalisation**

The Prevent Duty for England and Wales (2015) under section 26 of the Counterterrorism and Security Act 2015; places a duty on schools and registered childcare providers to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism.

We fulfil our duty by:

- Promoting fundamental British Values as part of our values and curriculum
- Ensure that we provide a "safe space" for children to understand and discuss sensitive topics, those linked to terrorism and extremism, and learn (according to their age and level of development) how to question and challenge these ideas in a politically balanced way.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Examples of what could be included in the categories is further detailed in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023 (Part 2; page 35-36)

- Be alert to and identify children who may be <u>susceptible to extremist ideology</u> and where it is assessed as appropriate by the <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead</u>; make a Prevent referral (in line with the local <u>Preventing Terrorism Processes</u>)
- Monitor and report any hate based behaviour as part of our Behaviour Policy (Hate related incident reporting processes can be found in appendix E).
- Outline in our Online Safety and Relationship Sex Health Education Policies how children are being safeguarded from being drawn into terrorism.
- Assess the risk of our children being drawn into terrorism, ensuring this is informed by the potential
  risk in the local area. Any identified risks are referenced in our school evaluation processes; and
  inform our approach to online safety (including filtering and monitoring and cyber security
  arrangements).

We regularly review our adherence to the Prevent Duty. Any actions arising from our assessment are included in our school evaluation and improvement action planning processes. These are reported to and overseen by our Governing Body.

All Staff, senior leaders and Governors are appropriately trained (see <u>Professional Development and</u> <u>Supervision</u>) to enable them to ensure that all children, particularly those who may be susceptible to extremist ideology and radicalisation are effectively safeguarded. We respond to children who are identified as being susceptible to an extremist ideology in line with the <u>Staff Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise</u>, <u>Respond, Report</u> and <u>Designated Safeguarding Lead Response</u> sections of this policy.

## Children potentially at greater risk of harm

We recognise that whilst all children should be protected, some groups of children, are potentially at risk of greater harm than others (both online and offline). The list below is not exhaustive but highlights some of those groups. Where a child falls into multiple groups above; this potentially further increases their vulnerability.

#### Children who need a social worker (Child in Need and Child Protection Plans).

Children may need a social worker due to safeguarding or welfare needs. Children may need this help due to abuse and/or neglect and/or complex family circumstances. A child's experiences of adversity and/or trauma can leave them vulnerable to further harm, as well as educationally disadvantaged in facing barriers to attendance, learning, behaviour, and mental health.

John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery work with outside agencies to support families and children as and when the need arises. The DSL and DDSLs are assigned to specific cases and attend core group meeting and strategy meetings as appropriate. The DSL and DDSL keep careful chronologies in order to document concerns and also support that has been provided. John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery facilitates meetings for individual children and families in school to support easier local access and involvement by children, parents and or carers.

#### Looked After Children and previously looked after children.

The most common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse and/or neglect; as well as/or other significant complexities or adversity in their and their family's life.

At John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery, we ensure that appropriate staff members have access to the information they need in relation to a child's looked after legal status, contact and care arrangements. John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery has an appointed designated teacher (Mrs Fleming) who works with the local authority to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are looked after in line with <u>Statutory guidance - Designated teacher for looked-after and previously looked-after children</u>

#### Children who are absent from education

Children being absent from education for prolonged periods and/or on repeat occasions can act as a vital warning sign to a range of safeguarding issues including neglect or child exploitation; as well as other needs. Our response to persistently absent pupils and children who are absent from education supports

identifying such abuse, and in the case of absent pupils, helps prevent the risk of them becoming a child missing education in the future.

John Wilkinson Primary School and Nursery are diligent in following up any absence. On a daily basis, the office staff will follow up any absences without reason, to ensure that contact has been made. If there are concerns, we work with the Educational Welfare Officer (EWO) and will carry out 'welfare checks' if it is felt necessary. The office administrator and headteacher (DSL) have half termly meetings with the EWO and document any concerns of attendance patterns that are appearing. Letters and contact with parents is used to try to alleviate issues and get the children back into school.

Any children that are deemed as 'missing in education' are reported to the Local Authority.

We refer to and use Statutory Guidance on <u>Children missing education</u> to ensure we comply with our duties regarding children missing education. This includes notifying the Local Authority in line with the <u>Shropshire</u> <u>Council Children missing education</u> process when removing a child from the school roll at standard and non-standard transition points.

#### Children who are Electively Home Educated.

Many home educated children have an overwhelmingly positive learning experience. We would expect the parents' decision to home educate to be made with their child's best education at the heart of the decision. However, this is not the case for all, and home education can mean some children are less visible to the services that are there to keep them safe and supported in line with their needs.

The school discusses with families who choose to home educate their children and to ascertain the reasoning behind their decision. All families are reassured that they are welcome to reapply for a space at school if they feel that EHE is not working in the way they had anticipated. The school operates in line with <u>DfE Elective home education guidance</u> and Shropshire Council <u>Elective home education</u> processes and protocols. All information regarding known vulnerabilities (e.g. a child who has special educational needs or a disability, and/or has a social worker or other known vulnerabilities).

#### **Children requiring Mental Health Support**

Mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation. Children who have mental health needs will often need early help or support to avoid their safety and welfare being compromised.

We have applied for the funding to train a mental health lead and need to enrol a member of staff on this training. Where signs or symptoms of mental health issues are apparent, we consult with parents and, where relevant, strengthening families to try to offer support at Early Help or Targeted Early help level.

A number of teaching assistants carry out 1:1 and small group interventions to enable children to develop their self-esteem and reflect on how to articulate their feelings and form positive relationships.

Promoting and supporting mental health and wellbeing in schools and colleges - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

#### Children with Special Education Needs Disabilities or other health issues.

It is recognised that children with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) can face additional safeguarding challenges both online and offline. Additional barriers can exist when recognising abuse and neglect in this group of children.

We recognise that additional barriers can exist when recognising abuse and neglect in this group of children. These can include: assumptions that indicators of possible abuse such as behaviour, mood and injury, relate to the child's impairment without further exploration; children with SEND can be disproportionately impacted by issues such as bullying, without necessarily showing outward signs; communication barriers; and/or cognitive understanding.

It is important, therefore, to be particularly sensitive to these issues when considering any aspect of the welfare and safety of such children, and to seek professional advice where necessary.

Any reports of abuse involving children with SEND will therefore require close liaison with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy) and the SENCO.

We will consider extra pastoral support attention for children with SEND.

We will ensure that all of our interventions are delivered in line with the <u>SEND code of practice</u> and will signpost parent to <u>The SEND local offer | Shropshire Council</u> as and when appropriate.

If a child is not attending school for an extended period, we will take into account the information contained in <u>Education for children with health needs who cannot attend school</u> and will contact the local authority to ensure that they are aware of the situation in relation to the individual. <u>See section on absence.</u>

#### Children who are lesbian, gay, bi or trans (LGBT)

The fact that a child or a young person may be LGBT is not in itself an inherent risk factor for harm. However, children who are LGBT can be targeted by other children. In some cases, a child who is perceived by other children to be LGBT (whether they are or not) can be just as vulnerable as children who identify as LGBT.

As a school we aim to establish a culture of acceptance and regular include opportunities to learn and understand about protected characteristics and individual's rights. <u>Equality Act 2010: advice for schools.</u>

## **Child-on-Child Abuse**

As set out in our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>; we will not tolerate the abuse of children. This includes where children abuse other children (child-on-child abuse) or use words or actions which downplay or could (if not responded to) lead to abuse.

We want to ensure that no child-on-child abuse takes place in our school. However, we understand that we cannot just rely on children telling us that they are experiencing abuse from other children. Staff should understand that even if there are no reports in school, this does not mean child-on-child abuse is not happening. Staff will be made aware of the signs and indicators of child-on-child abuse as part of their <u>Professional Development and Supervision</u>; which do not just rely upon children telling someone. Staff are expected to follow our <u>Appendix B: Child-on-Child Abuse Procedures</u>

The school monitors patterns of child-on-child incidents including those involving abuse, to ensure that we are aware of and able to minimise and respond to any emerging themes or patterns of behaviours. This helps us to continue to prevent, identify and respond to child-on-child abuse as outlined at the beginning of this section. This monitoring and our responses to it are reported to and overseen by our Governing Body.

## Staff Safeguarding Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report

Recognise

#### Be alert and curious!

Pay attention to possible **signs or indicators** of abuse from the child or others either from your own observation or what the child/others tell you:

Appearance

**B**ehaviour

Communication.

Do not just rely on a child telling you (there are lots of reasons why they won't)

Any child in any family could become a victim of <u>abuse</u>. Abuse and safeguarding issues are complex; and can often involve a child experiencing multiple issues or types of abuse.

Staff should always maintain the attitude that abuse "could happen here". Staff should be particularly alert to <u>Children potentially at greater risk of harm</u> and vigilant in identifying the signs and indicators which could indicate a concern that a child is being or could be at risk of abuse.

As well as maintaining their <u>Professional development and accessing support</u>; staff can remind themselves of the signs and indicators of abuse and safeguarding issues by referring to: <u>Keeping Children Safe in</u> <u>Education 2023</u>: Part 1 and Annex B. and <u>SSCP - Contacts and Definitions</u>.

**Signs and indicators** of concern may be evident in spaces and places where children spend time (including when online). They may be present in the child or others around them (including adults or children); in their:

- Appearance
- Behaviour
- Communication

Signs and indicators can be recognised by staff through:

**Concerns shared directly by a child:** Staff *must not rely* on children telling them they are experiencing abuse. Children may not recognise; feel ready; know how to or be able to communicate concerns or worries. Staff must therefore act in accordance with our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>; work in partnership and use <u>professional curiosity</u> and skills in developing trusted and supportive relationships in their everyday work with children.

**Observations:** In person or online (including online behaviour in school) of a child or someone else (for example a parent, someone working or visiting the school).

**Concerns shared by others:** either verbally or in written communications. This could be parents; other children; other staff members or other adults who may be working in or with the school or individual children.

**Other systems we have in place:** For example online filtering and monitoring or information from other agencies through <u>working in partnership</u> etc.

There will be occasions where there are signs and indicators of concern but not enough evidence to indicate that the child is at risk of or experiencing abuse. Signs and indicators could be present for a variety of reasons as well as abuse (for example other family circumstances; health or learning needs); and may act as an early sign for the need for early help and support. In such circumstances; staff are still expected to respond in line with this policy.

Ensure the immediate safety of the child potentially at risk. If there is **immediate danger**; take action as necessary to protect the child, others and yourself (including contacting emergency services on 999 and <u>refer child protection concerns</u>)

Apply other relevant policies/procedures (e.g. behaviour; first aid; attendance, staff code of conduct and/or <u>Appendix B: Child-on-Child Abuse Procedures</u> as applicable).

Seek views/gather relevant information (if safe to do so).

**Remember:** Listen (don't investigate), reassure (don't promise) and explain you will be reporting the concerns.

#### Immediate safety

If a child is in **immediate danger**; staff must take individual action as necessary to keep the child, others, and themselves safe. They must:

- Contact emergency services if someone is in immediate danger (999).
- If necessary; refer child protection concerns themselves (follow <u>Multi-agency Referral: Reporting</u> <u>concerns (MARF)</u>)
- Work in line with our Behaviour Policy and <u>Use of reasonable force in schools guidance</u>.
- Report any allegations of harm by adults in a position of trust or unsafe practices in school in line with the <u>Ensuring safe staff</u>.

#### Other relevant policies/processes

Staff may need to follow other school safeguarding policies/processes (see <u>Linked Policies</u>) as applicable along with responding in line with this policy. All staff will immediately consider how best to support and protect the child and any other children who may be at risk or involved; ensuring they act in their best interests. Where there are concerns of child-on-child abuse; <u>Appendix B: Child-on-Child Abuse Procedures</u> should be referred to.

#### **Injuries**

We request parents notify us of any accidents or injuries to their child before attending school. We will make a written record of the notification along with any injuries the child may have. Should a child receive any injuries during school time; staff will follow our accident reporting and first aid procedures.

We use body maps on CPOMs to record information about physical injuries to a child as part of our safeguarding concern <u>reporting</u> processes.

#### Seek views and gather information from the child and others.

Where safeguarding concerns are identified; staff should (where it is safe to do so) always seek the views of and directly from:

- Children (where appropriate and depending on the circumstances and their role with children);
- any other people involved in school (only on a need-to-inform/know basis for the purposes of gathering information for the purposes of safeguarding: see <u>Record Keeping and Information</u> <u>Security</u>)
- Their parents (if necessary and depending on the circumstances and their role).

Any uncertainty about seeking views should be discussed with the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

Seeking views from the child/parents means asking them what they think using open questions (What? How? etc) and if they want any help or support. Staff should listen, reassure, and explain that concerns will

be reported. Staff should avoid making assumptions, judgments or investigating. Please also refer to <u>When</u> <u>concerns are directly shared by a child</u>.

Views should always be sought unless it is not safe to do so. This includes where seeking views would:

- Place the child at increased risk of significant harm.
- Place any other at risk of injury.
- Obstruct or interfere with any potential Police investigation.
- Lead to unjustified delay in making enquiries about significant harm.

If needs for help and support are identified; parents and children should always be asked for their consent to share information with other organisations so that help and support can be provided to them. If consent is not given; staff should follow guidance in the <u>Recording Keeping and Information Security: Sharing</u> <u>safeguarding information with others</u> section.

Any uncertainty about seeking views should be discussed with the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Decisions to share safeguarding concerns with other organisations without consent will be <u>reported to</u> and overseen by the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

If a child is non-verbal or not able to explain their views themselves due to their age, level of development or needs; then staff should pay attention to how the child may be expressing their views and feelings through their behaviour and use communication tools to help the child share their views.

#### When concerns are directly shared by a child

Children are more likely to share their experiences and feelings with someone they know and feel comfortable talking to.

When children share the details of or feelings about abuse; the process of sharing can sometimes take time. Children may not share in full or give staff (and sometimes not the same staff member) pieces of information over time. When they do share, this may not always be verbally or directly; but the child may share in the Appearance, Behaviour or other forms of communication (see <u>Recognise</u> section).

It takes a lot of courage for a child to share that they feel unsafe or are experiencing abuse. There are many reasons why children do not share their experiences (for example, uncertainty, shame, experiences of discrimination, fear, denial or a lack of understanding or ability to recognise and explain their experience).

When children are sharing their concerns; staff should:

- Listen to the child. Please refer to this <u>NSPCC poster</u>.
- **Remain calm:** the child may stop sharing if they feel the staff member is upset or shocked by what the child is telling them.
- **Explain it can't be a secret.** Staff must explain to the child that what they share has to be passed on and to who so that you can help them. Think about when to do this to make sure the child feels safe and can continue to trust you and other staff.
- **Reassure** and offer comfort to the child (physical touch should not be automatically offered as comfort); recognise their feelings and their courage in sharing their experience. Never deny or minimise what the child is telling you or reprimand them if they decide not to share or for not telling you before.
- <u>Seek the child's views</u>: use questions or communication tools that help the child to share from their own point of view. Gather information: do not investigate or assume what is happening to the child.
- **Explain** what will happen next. If you don't know everything that is going to be done, tell the child that you will make sure that they are kept informed.
- **Report and record** the conversation immediately as outlined in the <u>Reporting concerns</u> section.
- Seek support from Mrs Fleming or Mrs Beard if you feel distressed. They can signpost you to further support if required.

Report in person to the Designated Safeguarding Lead as soon as possible.

Record your concerns, decisions, actions and outcomes on the safeguarding recording system.

If concerned about a member of staff or someone else in the school; report in line with Ensuring safe staff.

#### Report to Designated Safeguarding Lead

All safeguarding concerns must be Reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead as soon as they are recognised and after the initial response to the child and others. Staff are expected to verbally report their concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

Where concerns involve an allegation of harm or a low-level concern about someone working in or at the school; staff must follow Ensuring safe staff.

#### Record concerns

All safeguarding concerns must be recorded by the staff member in writing on CPOMs. Where physical injuries to a child form part of the evidence of the concern; staff will record information about the physical injuries observed on a Body Map which is also available on CPOMs so the information can be kept together and secure. (Body Maps are also available as part of the <u>Compass Multi-Agency Referral Form</u> or the Child Protection Body Map <u>in the West midlands Physical Abuse Procedures).</u>

Each safeguarding concern record should include:

- a clear and comprehensive summary of the concern.
- details of how the concern was followed up and resolved.
- any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.

If staff are unsure of the recording requirements staff should seek advice from the Designated Safeguarding Lead.

## **Designated Safeguarding Lead Response**

Safeguarding concerns can be <u>raised by staff</u> as above; but may also be raised to the Designated Safeguarding Lead by:

- Children, parents, or visitors to the school.
- Other agencies (see Working in Partnership)
- The school's ICT filtering and monitoring systems.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead will:

## Consider and assess the concern.

Review the information reported; gather any further information as necessary; including conducting a risk and needs assessment if necessary. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will use and refer to the following:

- <u>Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023</u>
- <u>SSCP Threshold Document</u>
- Other relevant local tools and pathways (West Midlands Procedures)
- If applicable Appendix B: Child-on-Child Abuse Procedures
- When to Call the Police Guidance for Schools

#### Decide on what action to take.

Once the concern has been considered and assessed; the Designated Safeguarding Lead will decide on action(s) to be taken. They may wish to delegate actions to other members of staff; in the best interests of the child. The DSL will assist the Headteacher with decisions to Ensuring safe staff in school.

In making decisions; the Designated Safeguarding Lead will work in partnership with the Headteacher; relevant staff/senior leadership team in line with their <u>Roles and Responsibilities</u> and any other organisations as appropriate (see <u>Working in Partnership</u> and <u>Record Keeping and Information Security</u>).

Actions could include one or more of the below:

- **Manage internally:** in alignment with school policies and processes including offering support to the child and their family through the school pastoral support (Universal/School Early Help) offer in a way which addresses the needs/risks identified. This may also include actions to make locations/infrastructure in school (including online) safer; adapt the curriculum to ensure we are <u>Teaching our children how to keep safe.</u>; or <u>Working in Partnership</u>.
- Offer Early Help/Targeted Early Help. This could include offering and/or referring the child or their family enhanced or specialist support services to address the needs/risks identified in line with the <u>SSCP Thresholds document</u> and locally available provision. Any referrals for support will require parental consent and will take account of children's wishes and feelings.
- Raise concerns to Children's Social Care in line with the <u>SSCP Thresholds document</u> and <u>relevant local tools and pathways.</u>
- **Report to the Police.** If there are any concerns that a crime (including online) may have been committed by someone against or involving a child; concerns will be reported to the Police.

Where there is possible criminal behaviour by a child (including in circumstances of child-on-child abuse); we will take account of <u>When to call the police: guidance for schools and colleges.</u>

Other local referral processes will also be followed as applicable: including referring to relevant multi-agency forums and processes as outlined in <u>relevant local tools and pathways</u> (e.g. to <u>Prevent</u> <u>Radicalisation</u>; ensure <u>Online Safety</u>; respond to domestic abuse: <u>Multi-Agency Risk Assessment</u> <u>Conference</u>).

#### Record actions, decisions, and outcomes.

On the child protection file and in line with <u>Record Keeping and Information Security</u>. This will include assessments and discussions (including meeting notes/minutes) of discussions and meetings with staff or others (see <u>Working in Partnership</u>).

#### Manage and oversee any ongoing response.

Once the initial actions are taken; the Designated Safeguarding Lead will decide whether there is an ongoing need to actively monitor or manage the safeguarding needs of a child. Where this is decided; they will ensure that the school works in partnership with the child; parents, and any other involved agencies. This may include taking further actions (as outlined above) where concerns escalate.

The <u>SSCP Escalation/Resolution of Professional Disagreements Policy</u> will be used to challenge, resolve and if necessary escalate any concerns the school may have when working with other agencies in safeguarding children.

## **Appendix A: Alternative Provision Quality Assurance Checklist**

## Alternative Provision Quality Assurance Checklist

#### Name of alternative provision:

#### Name of person completing checklist (from host school):

All agencies and settings who place pupils at alternative provision MUST quality assure the placement. This quality assurance document must be completed prior to working with a new alternative provision and **annually** thereafter.

		On file/ evidence of check	Date & Initial
1	If this quality assurance check is a review, please confirm the date of previous assurance check.		
2	Is the alternative provision registered as an independent school with the DfE? Y/N The criteria to be registered as an independent school is that; - full-time <sup>1</sup> education is provided for five or more pupils of compulsory school age Or		
	-full-time education is provided for one or more pupils with an EHC plan or who is "looked after" by a local authority		
	1 - There is no legal definition of what constitutes 'full-time' education. However, DfE would consider an institution to be providing full-time education if it is intended to provide, or does provide, all, or substantially all, of a child's education.		
3	What is the provider's DfE number? (If applicable)		
4	Copy of signed Service Level Agreement (SLA) /contract (attached)		
5	Is there a clear governance structure within the Alternative provision? $\ensuremath{\text{Y/N}}$		
6	Does the referral process include the requirement for a detailed pupil profile from the host school prior to agreement of placement? Y/N		
7	Pupil's attendance should be monitored daily. Is this included in the SLA? Y/N		
8	Copy of providers Attendance policy attached. Is there a procedure for when pupils fail to attend or the placement breaks down? Y/N		
9	Is there adequate access to resources for all pupils who access the provision? Y/N		
10	<ul> <li>Is there inclusive practice with regards to positive behaviour management, attendance and punctuality? Y/N</li> <li>Pro-actively promote and support the regular attendance of pupils</li> <li>Effective reward/incentive strategies to promote participation</li> </ul>		
11	Is there regular assessment and review of pupil progress? Y/N Provision agree to share weekly progress reports		
12	Are risk assessments completed for activities that pupils may undertake? Y/N (copy attached)		
13	Is there a full and clear pupil induction procedure regarding health and safety and fire evacuation? Y/N		
14	Are there robust procedures in place (including information sharing that are referenced in the SLA) to safeguard children in line with KEEPING CHILDREN SAFE IN EDUCATION? Y/N		

Copy of providers Safeguarding/Child protection policy attached.					
15	Has evidence of staff receiving accredited child protection training been seen? Y/N Has evidence of DSL receiving training for their role been seen? Y/N Have contact details for DSL been provided? Y/N (attached).				
16	Copy of pub	lic liability insurance document attac	ched.		
17		licy for when members of staff are v (copy attached)	vorking alone with		
18		ovider have an online safety policy in SAFE IN EDUCATION? Y/N (copy a			
19		Ith and safety policy attached.			
20	<ul> <li>Has written confirmation from the provider that staff vetting checks have been undertaken been received? Y/N Checks include; <ul> <li>an identity check;</li> <li>a barred list check;</li> <li>an enhanced DBS check/certificate;</li> <li>a prohibition from teaching check;</li> <li>further checks on people who have lived or worked outside the UK</li> <li>a check of professional qualifications, where required; and</li> <li>a check to establish the person's right to work in the United Kingdom.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Has confirmation of these checks been added to the Single Central Record?</li> </ul>				
21					
22					
	on Plan	to any of the questions in Part 2 ar	action plan must be for	mulated to obtain	information
If 'no' is answered to any of the questions in Part 2 an action plan must be formulated to obtain informationAction referenceArea for improvementnumber.Intended action			mornation		

Signed by host school:

Date:

Signed by Alternative Provision:

Date:

## **Appendix B: Child-on-Child Abuse Procedures**

We aim to prevent, identify, and respond to child-on-child abuse at the earliest opportunity by:

- Expecting all staff and Governors in our school to ensure they are adhering to and promoting the commitments we make in our <u>Safeguarding Statement</u>.
- Ensuring staff are aware of and respond to signs and indicators of child-on-child abuse. This includes ensuring that our Designated Safeguarding Lead and other relevant staff have completed training in how to assess and respond to child-on-child abuse. For further detail; please refer to <u>Professional Development and Support</u>.
- Being clear how we expect our children to behave towards one another. Our Behaviour Policy
  outlines these expectations; how the school will support our children to understand and fulfil them;
  and how we will prevent and respond to behaviour which falls below our expected standards
  (including all forms of bullying). Where behaviour also indicates child-on-child abuse; staff will
  adhere to the processes outlined in this section.
- Ensuring we are <u>Teaching our children how to keep safe.</u>.
- Making sure that children who experience or are at risk of experiencing abuse from other children are identified, feel supported and safeguarded from further harm.
- Making sure that children who have caused or are identified as being at risk of being abusive in their behaviour towards other children are identified, supported and safeguarded from engaging in further harmful behaviour.
- Making sure that we are taking positive action to ensure that <u>Children who are more vulnerable to</u> <u>child-on-child abuse</u> are not disproportionately impacted by child-on-child abuse in our school.

## What is child-on-child abuse?

Child-on-child abuse:

- Is when a child or group of children inflicts harm or fails to act to prevent harm to another child.
- Actions that cause harm can be a single serious incident or a pattern of incidents.
- Harm caused to a child can be physical, emotional and/or psychological; and can include witnessing the ill treatment of others.
- Can happen both inside and outside of school; at home or someone else's home; in public spaces and online. In the school context; we know that child-on-child abuse can take place in spaces and at times of the school day where children are less likely to be supervised. We also know that where child-on-child abuse is taking place outside of school (including online) this abuse can also continue and have an impact on a child when they are at school.
- Can be defined in different ways (examples are outlined in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023: Part 1; pages 12-13 and Part 5; pages 106-109).
- A child may experience one or multiple types of child-on-child abuse at the same time.

## Children who are more vulnerable to child-on-child abuse

Please read this alongside Children potentially at greater risk of harm.

Children who are perceived to be different to others can be particularly vulnerable to child-on-child abuse. When children are abused by other children; there is more often than not a misuse of power or privilege by the child(ren) causing harm. This can have a significant impact on the emotional development and mental wellbeing of the child who is being harmed; and lead them to feel isolated, unsafe, and traumatised.

Children who harm others may have additional or complex needs. Harmful behaviour by children can also be a sign or indicator that a child has an unmet need or could indicate that they themselves are at risk of or are experiencing/have experienced abuse or neglect or some other form of adverse experience<sup>3</sup> in their life.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See <u>Understanding trauma and adversity</u> | <u>Resources</u> | <u>YoungMinds</u> for further information.

Children who harm other children may have power or privilege over a child(ren) they are causing harm to but can also be powerless or vulnerable in other part of their lives.

Child-on-child abuse is harmful to all children involved.

Evidence<sup>4</sup> indicates that children from particular groups are more vulnerable to child-on-child abuse. This includes children who:

- Have special education needs and/or disabilities and/or health issues.
- Have already been and/or are experiencing abuse or some other kind of adversity or trauma. This includes children who are looked after or who have a social worker due to safeguarding concerns.
- Are eligible for free school meals. Socio economic inequality can increase incidents of bullying.
- Are from Black, Asian and/or other minoritized ethnic communities (including travelling communities and children for whom English is an additional Language). These children are more likely to be the target of hate-related behaviour/crime. They are less likely to be identified as children who are being harmed and more likely to be over identified as children who are a risk of causing harm. This is known as adultification bias<sup>5</sup>.
- Identify as Lesbian Gay, Bi-Sexual; Transgender (LGBT). These children are more likely to be the target of bullying and/or hate-related behaviour/crime and harmful sexual behaviour and abuse.
- Are female. Girls are more vulnerable to harmful sexual behaviour and abuse in intimate personal relationships.
- Are male. Boys and are more vulnerable to experiencing bullying; particularly that which is physical in nature (including being forced to carry out initiation or other acts which humiliate or degrade: known as hazing).

Where a child has several differences and would fall into multiple groups above; this further increases their vulnerability.

## When is child-on-child behaviour considered abusive?

We recognise the importance of distinguishing between behaviour that is developmentally appropriate, problematic, or harmful. Harmful behaviour is abusive. It can also (but not always) include physical abuse.

In considering whether behaviour is abusive; staff should consider:

• The impact on the child(ren) affected by the behaviour: Any behaviour that is likely to have an impact on a child's physical and emotional health and development should be considered potentially harmful. The greater the impact of the behaviour on the child's health and development; the greater level of harm caused to them.

The needs and circumstances of the child who is identified as being potentially harmed should always be considered. This should also include ensuring that their wishes and feelings are sought and recognised in considering the impact upon them.

Even where children do not/are not able to express their wishes and feelings; staff should also pay attention to other potential signs/indicators of abuse (please refer further to <u>Staff Safeguarding</u> <u>Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u>)

Children raising child-on-child concerns either for themselves or others will be taken seriously and never be given an impression they are creating a problem.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Evidence sources:

<sup>•</sup> Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023; Part 2: Children potentially at greater risk of harm.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;u>Prevalence of bullying (anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk)</u>.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;u>Safeguarding d/Deaf and disabled children | NSPCC Learning;</u>

 <sup>&</sup>lt;u>Safeguarding children from Black, Asian and minoritised ethnic communities | NSPCC Learning;</u>

 <sup>&</sup>lt;u>Safeguarding LGBTQ+ children and young people | NSPCC Learning;</u>
 Costlicht #2. Young people and depending house | Safeling

 <sup>&</sup>lt;u>Spotlight #3: Young people and domestic abuse | Safelives.</u>

Addressing child-on-child abuse: a resource for schools and colleges (farrer.co.uk)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Adultification bias within child protection and safeguarding (justiceinspectorates.gov.uk)

• The behaviour of the child(ren) who is/are causing harm: It is important to consider the behaviour of children on a continuum; taking account of their age and level of development; as well as any other needs or circumstances that may influence their behaviour (for example a child who is causing harm to other children could be an indication that they have unmet needs; or may be a sign or indicator that they are experiencing abuse, or are experiencing some other adverse experience which is having an impact upon them).

Features of abusive behaviour<sup>6</sup> can include:

- A pattern of similar behaviour (this can include lower-level problematic behaviours that have occurred over time that have begun to increase in frequency or seriousness)
- A misuse of power over the child who is being harmed. (please also see children who are more vulnerable above).
- Victimisation of the child who is being harmed. This could also include circumstances where the child causing harm is supported or joined by other children.
- Intrusive behaviour; not considering or enabling the child being harmed to freely agree and/or consent to the behaviour.
- An element of control; coercion and/or force.
- Physical/sexual violence (this does not always have to be present; but where it is so would heighten the level of concern).
- Evidence that a child is actively seeking, planning or getting enjoyment or pleasure from causing harm would also heighten concern.

#### Our response to child-on-child abuse

In most instances, we will use our Behaviour policy to manage the conduct of children towards each other. However, where behaviour is considered abusive or indicates safeguarding concerns; then staff will also need to raise such concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead in line with the <u>Staff Safeguarding</u> <u>Concerns: Recognise, Respond, Report</u> section.

In responding to any concern of child-on-child abuse; we will take account of:

- Part 5 Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.
- Use of reasonable force in schools
- Searching, screening and confiscation at school
- <u>Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people</u>
- When to call the police: guidance for schools and colleges.

#### Risk and needs assessment.

All staff will immediately consider how best to support and protect **all children involved** in child-on-child abuse incidents; ensuring they act in their best interests.

We may deem it necessary to complete a formally recorded risk and needs assessment for all children involved in child-on-child abuse incidents. The decision to complete a formal risk assessment will be taken by the Designated Safeguarding Lead. This formal assessment will always take place where there is evidence of <u>violent or abusive behaviour</u>.

The purpose of the risk and needs assessment is to safeguard **all children involved** (including children who may not be at the school, such as siblings) and will clearly outline the strategies to be put in place to mitigate risk and address any identified needs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Adapted from Hackett Continuum as described in <u>Understanding sexualised behaviour in children | NSPCC Learning</u>. When drawing on Hackett's continuum, in order to assess the seriousness of other (i.e. non Harmful Sexual Behaviour) alleged behaviour, it should be borne in mind that there are some aspects of Hackett's continuum which may not of course be relevant or appropriate to consider (see <u>Farrer and Co (2022) page 35-36</u>)

The risk and needs assessment will be completed; taking account of information from all key staff (and relevant involved professionals) working with the children, as well as their parents/carers. It will also include the views and feelings of the children; where this is safe and appropriate to do so.

The risk assessment will be shared will all staff and relevant involved professionals who work with the children; as well as parents and carers. It will respond to any changes in behaviour and will be regularly updated and evaluated to assess impact.

#### Response

The parents/carers of **all involved children** will be notified of and involved in our response. We will only share the details of other children to parents/carers who do not have parental responsibility for them where we have consent to do so or where a decision has been taken to share to enable them to effectively safeguard their child (please also refer to <u>Record Keeping and Information Security</u>)

The risk and needs assessment will inform the response taken. The following responses will be considered; (more than one response can be considered):

- **Manage internally** in alignment with our Behaviour Policy and pastoral support offer in a way which addresses the needs/risks identified. Any sanctions imposed on the child causing harm will be proportionately balanced with any other responses (such as police involvement) and take accounts of risks and needs; as well as the ongoing impact on/risk to the child who has been harmed or others. This may also include actions to make locations/school infrastructure (including online) safer; adapt our curriculum to ensure we are <u>Teaching our children how to keep safe.</u>; or <u>Working in Partnership</u>.
- Offer Early Help/Targeted Early Help. This could include offering and/or referring any child involved to enhanced or specialist support services to address the needs/risks identified in line with the <u>SSCP Thresholds document</u> and locally available provision. Any referrals for support will require parental consent and will take account of children's wishes and feelings.
- Raise concerns to Children's Social Care in line with the SSCP Thresholds document.
- **Report to the Police.** We will take account of <u>When to call the police: guidance for schools and colleges</u>.

#### Recording and monitoring

All child-on- child abuse concerns and responses will be recorded and stored on the child protection files of all involved children (Please refer to <u>Record Keeping and Information Security</u>). Child-on-child incidents that do not indicate abuse or raise safeguarding concerns are recorded in line with our Behaviour Policy on CPOMs.

## Appendix C: File Transfer Record and Receipt

You may wish to add your school/college/setting logo on to this proforma.

#### PART 1: To be completed by sending / transferring setting, school or college.

NAME OF CHILD:	
DOB:	
NAME OF SCHOOL/SETTING SENDING CP FILE:	
ADDRESS OF SCHOOL/SETTING SENDING CP FILE:	
METHOD OF DELIVERY:	BY HAND SECURE POST ELECTRONICALLY
DATE FILE SENT:	
NAME OF DSL TRANSFERRING FILE:	
NAME OF PERSON TRANFERRING TO:	
SIGNATURE:	

#### PART 2: To be completed by receiving setting, school or college.

NAME OF	
SCHOOL/SETTING	
RECEIVING FILE:	
ADDRESS OF	
SCHOOL/SETTING	
RECEIVING FILE:	
DATE RECEIVED:	
NAME OF PERSON	
RECEIVING FILE:	
DATE	
CONFIRMATION	
OF RECEIPT SENT:	
SIGNATURE:	

**Receiving School:** Please complete Part 2 and return this form to the Designated Safeguarding Lead listed in Part 1 above. You are advised to keep a copy for your own reference.

## Appendix D: Safeguarding Concern Reporting Form (This is only to be used if the person reporting the concern can't access CPOMs)

Recording a concern about a child's safety or welfare

## Part 1 – For staff use.

Child Name:			
Date of birth:		Year Group / class:	
Name of referrer:		Role of referrer:	
Details of concern:	Blank Body maps are avai	lable in a packet on the	staff room wall.
What are you worried about? Who? What (if recording a verbal disclosure by a child use their words)? Where? When (date and time of incident)? Any witnesses? What is the pupil's account/perspective?			
Reported to:		Role of person	
		reported to:	
Signed:			
Date:			

Part 2: For DSL/Deputy DSL to complete.

The concern should be transferred onto CPOMs by the DSL/DDSL and all actions recorded on there.

Action taken:       Advice sought:         (From whom and what was advice given)       (From whom and what was advice given)         Concern / referral discussed with parent / carer?       If not, state reasons why         If yes note discussion       If not, state reasons why         Referral made:       If not, state reasons why         Reformation regarding outcome of names of individuals/agencies who have given individuals/agencies who have given given outcome of any referral (If made).       If not, state reasons why         Feedback to referring member of staff:       By whom         Response to / action taken with pupil:       By whom         Other notes / information:       Whom making a referral who aver given with a MARE         Any other action required:       Date			d all actions recorded on there.
what was advice given)         Concern / referral discussed with parent / care?         If not, state reasons why         parent / care?         If yes note discussion         discussion         Referral made:         Record names of individual/squencies who have given information regarding outcome of any referral (If mot, state reasons why         Feedback to referring member of staff:         Response to / action taken with pupil:         Other notes / information:         Whom making a referration:         Whom making a referration:         When making a referration:         When making a referration:         When making a referration:         When making a referration:         Any other action required:	Action taken:	Advice sought:	
discussed with parent / carer? If yes note discussion       reasons why         If yes note discussion       If not, state reasons why         Referral made: Record names of individuals/agencies who have given information regarding outcome of any referral (if made).       If not, state reasons why         Feedback to referring member of staff: Response to / action taken with pupil:       By whom         Other notes / information: When making a referral about an acute specialist need/child protection follow up with a MARF       By whom		what was advice	/
discussed with parent / carer? If yes note discussion       reasons why         If yes note discussion       If not, state reasons why         Referral made: Record names of individuals/agencies who have given information regarding outcome of any referral (if made).       If not, state reasons why         Feedback to referring member of staff: Response to / action taken with pupil:       By whom         Other notes / information: When making a referral about an acute specialist need/child protection follow up with a MARF       By whom			
Record names of individuals/agencies who have given information regarding outcome of any referral (if made).       reasons why         Feedback to referring member of staff:       By whom         Response to / action taken with pupil:       By whom         Other notes / information: When making a referral about an acute specialist need/child protection follow up with a MARF       By whom	discussed with parent / carer? If yes note		
referring member of staff:       By whom         Response to / action taken with pupil:       By whom         Other notes / information:       By whom         When making a referral about an acute specialist need/child protection follow up with a MARF       F         Any other action required:       Image: Comparison of the second of the	Record names of individuals/agencies who have given information regarding outcome of any referral		
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information:         When making a         referral about an acute         specialist need/child         protection follow up         with a MARF         Any other action         required:	action taken with		By whom
required:	<b>information:</b> When making a referral about an acute specialist need/child protection follow up		
	-		
	-		
	Signature of DSL		

#### Appendix E : Hate Crime Report

## Shropshire Schools Hate-Related Incident Report Form

As part of the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) under the Equality Act 2010, schools are requested to report prejudice/hate-related incidents to Shropshire Council. Completed forms may be submitted by email to <u>educationimprovementservice@shropshire.gov.uk</u> or by post to *EIS, Shropshire Council, Shirehall, Abbey Foregate, Shrewsbury, SY2 6ND.* Reports can also be made verbally on 01743 254315.

The information is used to help inform community-based interventions to counter the problems identified.	Specific support
at school can be offered on request.	

Other (please define)	School name								
Winat do you think motivated this incident? (indicate all relevant characteristics)         Race       Religion / cuture         Sax       Disability         Sexual orientation       Gender identity/presentation       Age*         Other (please define)	Section A: Abo	Section A: About the Incident/s							
Race       Religion / culture       Sex       Disability         Sexual orientation       Gender identity/presentation       Age*         'age discrimination legislation does not apply to the treatment of pupils or provision of education.         Section B: Tell us about the incident in your own words; giving as much detail as possible (please use a separate sheet if necessary):         When did the incident take place?         Time       Day         Where did the appon?         Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Where did thappened?         Where did thappened?         Was any property lost or damaged?       Yes (If "yes" Please give details below)       No         Frequency or duration of behaviour       Persisting over one school term       Section C: About the Vedin         Is the victim       Pupil       Staff member       Other adut       Other child         Is the victim       Pupil       Staff member       Other adut       Other child         (Name of victim is not needed in this cortext)       Sex MF is this same as birth? V/N it rhild 'Age Group:       Secual cirentation         Bisewidt       Pasitaling       Ont't know       Bisewidt       Bisewidt         Hindul - Age Group:       16:24       25:34       35:44       45:55				all relevant o	haracter	istics)			
□ Other (please define)         **age discrimination legislation does not apply to the treatment of pupils or provision of education.         Section B: Tell us about the incident in your own words; giving as much detail as possible (please use a separate sheet if necessary):         When did the incident take place?         Time       Day         Date		🗌 Religio	n / culture	_		_	oility		
age discrimination legislation does not apply to the treatment of pupils or provision of education.         Section B: Tell us about the incident in your own words, giving as much detail as possible (please use a separate sheet if necessary):         When did the incident take place?         Time Day Date         Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         // Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         // Mat happened?         // Where any injuries sustained?   Yes (if "yes" Please give details below)   No         // Mat happened?         // Was any property lost or damaged?       Yes (if "yes" please give details below)   No         // Frequency or duration of behaviour       Persisting over one school term         // Several limes a week       Persisting over one school term         // Several limes a week       Persisting for more than a year         Section C: About the Viclim       Staff member       Other adult       Other child         // Name of victim is not needed in this context)       Sex M/F Is this same as birth? Y/N It child - Yea Group /Age [	Sexual orientation		entity/presentation	Age*					
Section B: Tell us about the incident in your own words; giving as much detail as possible (please use a separate sheet if necessary):         When did the necident take place?         Time       Day         Day       Date         When did th appen?         Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location of behaviour         Image: Street name seek         S	Other (please d	efine)							
Section B: Tell us about the incident in your own words; giving as much detail as possible (please use a separate sheet if necessary):         When did the necident take place?         Time       Day         Day       Date         When did th appen?         Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)         Image: Street name or location of behaviour         Image: Street name seek         S	*ago discrimination lo	descent a	anly to the treatment of	nunile or provi	sion of odu	ication			
sheet if necessary):   When did the incident take place?   Time   Day   Date   Where did it happen?   Area of school / Street name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)   What happened?   What happened?   Where any injuries sustained?   Wes any property lost or damaged?   Yes (If "yes" Please give details below)   No   Frequency or duration of behaviour   Once or twice   Several times a week   Persisting for more than a year   Section C: About the Vietim   Is the victim is not needed in this context)   If adult - Age Group:   If adult - Age Group:   If adult - Age Group:   Bisepation   B							s possible (pl	ease use a se	eparate
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Area of school / Šireet name or location if outside school / via electronic media (please give details below)          What happened?         What happened?         Where any injuries sustained?       Yes (If "yes" Please give details below)       No         Was any property lost or damaged?       Yes (If "yes" please give details below)       No         Was any property lost or damaged?       Yes (If "yes" please give details below)       No         Gover or duration of behaviour       Once or twice       Persisting over one school term         Several times a week       Persisting for more than a year         Section C: About the Victim         Is the victim    Pupil       Staff member       Other adult       Other child         (Name of victor is not needed in this context)       Sex       M/F Is this same as birth? Y/N if child ' Year Group / Age       If adult - Age Group:       16-24       25-34       35-44       45-55       Over 55         Please indicate in the appropriate box how you would describe the victim:       Religon/belief       Sexual orientation       Bisexual         Buddhist       Christian       Don't know       Heterosexual       Don't know       Heterosexual         Jewish       No religion       Den't know       Den't know       Heterosexual         Jewish       No religion       Don't know       Heterosexual								i	
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Any other mixed background 🔲 Black African						ILKNOW			

Appendix E Eastern European

Is the victim from a Gyp □ Yes □ No		background? 't know		
Disability – please desc	ribe			Don't know
Section D: About the ag	gressor(s)			
Details, with Year or age (Name/s of aggressor/s r			ender/gender ide	ntity; other relevant characteristics
If adult - Age Group:	25-34	35-44	45-55	Over 55
Role / reason fo	or presence at s	school		
If aggressor/s is/are unl	known, can you	I describe them?	? (Consider height,	ethnicity, build and clothing).

## Section E: What now?

Actions taken with the aggressor	Actions taken with the victim	Action taken by school
Apology to victim	Comfort/reassurance	Staff/governor training
Awareness raising	Mentor/peer support	Class/peer group work
Restorative Practise	Counselling	Assembly subject
Disciplinary action	Referral to specialist Support/agency	Curriculum review
Notified parent/carer	Notified parent/carer	Diversity and Equality Campaign (e.g.posters)
Exclusion	Medical treatment	Campaign (e.g.posters) Letter to parents/carers (Raising awareness)
Notified police	Set review date to	☐ Initiative with Learning
(if criminal activity involved)	discuss update	Community/LA
Other – please specify	Other – please specify	☐ Other – please specify

Section F: Details of person reporting (victim, witness or third party)	
Form Completed by:	]
Role: Date	]
Date this incident was reported to the authority:	]

#### Police involvement:

Does the person reporting / victim/parents or carers / school want the Police to investigate?

🗌 No

Yes

The police will want to collect evidence i.e. photograph any injuries the victim has; look for fingerprints left by the offender or swab any areas where the suspect has touched. If you have any evidence, which may be of use to the police then please ring them and tell them **immediately**. Shropshire Police 24 hour telephone number is: **101**.

#### Authorisation:

#### Certain agencies can share <u>de-personalised</u> information without your consent.

Do you agree to the information being passed to <u>all</u> the agencies involved in the local agency partnership? (The local agency partnership includes West Mercia Police, Citizens Advice Shropshire and Victim Support Shropshire), This is requested to help in assessing and countering the levels of hate crime in Shropshire.

Incident details only	Yes	□ No
Personal details	🗌 Yes	□ No
Signature		Date

Appendix F: Operation Encompass Information.





Dear Parent/Carer

Our school has been given the opportunity to take part in a national project, which is being run locally in partnership with Shropshire Council and West Mercia Police.

Operation Encompass is a process whereby the police and the council will inform a member of staff if a child or young person has experienced any domestic abuse incident. This will be done prior to the start of the next school day. Information sharing between professional agencies allows school staff to provide emotional and practical support to their pupils experiencing domestic abuse.

Domestic abuse can broadly be defined as 'any incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive or threatening behaviour; violence or abuse between those aged 16 or over who have been intimate partners or family members. This can include, but is not limited to, the following types of abuse – psychological, physical, sexual, financial and emotional.'

Operation Encompass ensures that a member of the school staff, usually the Designated Safeguarding Lead, is given special training, to enable them to liaise with the police and council in receiving and using the information that has been shared, in confidence.

The sharing of details under Operation Encompass is permitted under Statutory Safeguarding Legislation and in respect of local authority schools under the Crime and Disorder Act (for the prevention of crime) and doing so without the child's or parent's consent is permissible under both pieces of legislation and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

We want to offer the best support possible to all our pupils and we believe, that where necessary, this will be beneficial in helping us to achieve that goal. Please make contact with me or the school's Safeguarding Lead should you wish to discuss the content of this letter.

Attached is a list of local and national advice and support agencies who can help those who may be affected by domestic abuse.

Signed

**Stephanie Beard** 

Headteacher







#### Who to contact

West Mercia Police

101 (non-emergency)

999 (emergency)

#### West Mercia Women's Aid

westmerciawomensaid.org

24 hour Help line

0800 783 1359

If you are worried or frightened by your partner or ex-partner, a family member or someone close to you, please ring our Helpline for support, advice and information about your options

> VICTIM ADVICE LINE WEST MERCIA | 0800 952 3000

Email: info@victimadviceline.org.uk

Web: www.victimadviceline.org.uk

Twitter: @WMerciaVAL

The Victim Advice Line is a free and confidential service for victims and anyone who has been affected by crime and needs support.

## Domestic Violence Disclosure Scheme (Claire's Law)

This scheme aims to provide a formal mechanism for you to make inquiries about your partner if you are worried that they may have been abusive in the past, or about someone else's partner on their behalf. If police checks show that the partner has a record of abusive behaviour, or there is other information to indicate that you may be at risk from your partner, the police will consider sharing this information with you or the person you are worried about. The scheme aims to help you to make a more informed decision on whether to continue a relationship and provides further help and support to assist you when making that choice. If you wish to make an application under the Scheme phone 101 (the nonemergency number for the police) and request to complete a Claire's Law application.

#### Shropshire Domestic Abuse Service (SDAS)

www.shropsdas.org.uk

0300 303 1191

Shropshire Domestic Abuse Service (SDAS)

Offers refuge accommodation female and males.

Outreach support service, face to face or telephone.

Support groups across Shropshire

Referral Line 0300 303 1191

(Monday to Friday 9am to 5pm)

Shropshire First Point of Contact Adults 0345 6789044 Children 0345 6789021

Front door for Adult Social Care, Adult Safeguarding, Compass (concerns and early help for children), Family Information, Under 18 and homeless.

The First Point of Contact or 'FPOC Team' are part of Shropshire Council's Customer Service Centre. The team of advisors take calls and emails from members of the public looking for support and assistance for adults in Shropshire.

We also take calls from professionals and members of the public raising safeguarding concerns over the welfare of a child or young person in Shropshire or seeking professional advice at an early help level for children and their families.







#### Appendix F Who to contact (cont'd)

#### **National Stalking Helpline**

0808 802 030

www.stalkinghelpline.org

The helpline provides guidance and information to anybody who is currently or has previously been affected by harassment or stalking. The Helpline can provide guidance on the UK law, reporting offences to the police, evidence gathering, and your personal safety.

#### Karma Nirvana

0800 5999 24

www.karmanirvana.org.uk

Providing support and advice around Forced Marriage (FM), Honour Based Abuse (HBA) and Female Genital Mutilation (FGM). Cultural acceptance does not mean accepting the unacceptable. One of our key principles is that we never talk to or engage with your family. Our commitment and loyalty is to you and as we understand the fears when family members become involved.

#### Paladin (National Stalking Advocacy Service)

020 3866 4107

www.paladinservice.co.uk

Paladin assists high risk victims of stalking throughout England and Wales.

#### ChildLine

0800 555 111

www.childline.org.uk

ChildLine is the UK's free, confidential helpline dedicated to children and young people.